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Product datasheet for RC225442L4V

TEX264 (NM_001129884) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	TEX264 (NM_001129884) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	TEX264
Synonyms:	ZSIG11
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)
Tag:	mGFP
ACCN:	NM_001129884
ORF Size:	939 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC225442).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_001129884.1, NP_001123356.1
RefSeq Size:	1455 bp
RefSeq ORF:	942 bp
Locus ID:	51368
UniProt ID:	Q9Y6I9
Cytogenetics:	3p21.2
Protein Families:	Secreted Protein, Transmembrane
MW:	34.2 kDa

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Gene Summary: Major reticulophagy (also called ER-phagy) receptor that acts independently of other candidate reticulophagy receptors to remodel subdomains of the endoplasmic reticulum into autophagosomes upon nutrient stress, which then fuse with lysosomes for endoplasmic reticulum turnover (PubMed:31006538, PubMed:31006537). The ATG8-containing isolation membrane (IM) cradles a tubular segment of TEX264-positive ER near a three-way junction, allowing the formation of a synapse of 2 juxtaposed membranes with trans interaction between the TEX264 and ATG8 proteins (PubMed:31006537). Expansion of the IM would extend the capture of ER, possibly through a 'zipper-like' process involving continued trans TEX264-ATG8 interactions, until poorly understood mechanisms lead to the fission of relevant membranes and, ultimately, autophagosomal membrane closure (PubMed:31006537). [UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]