

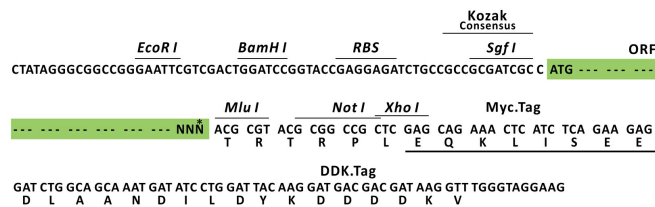
## Product datasheet for RC225152L3

### HRASLS3 (PLA2G16) (NM\_001128203) Human Tagged Lenti ORF Clone

#### Product data:

|                           |  |
|---------------------------|--|
| Product Type:             | Expression Plasmids  |
| Product Name:             | HRASLS3 (PLA2G16) (NM_001128203) Human Tagged Lenti ORF Clone                                |
| Tag:                      | Myc-DDK  |
| Symbol:                   | HRASLS3  |
| Synonyms:                 | AdPLA; H-REV107; H-REV107-1; HRASLS3; HREV107; HREV107-1; HREV107-3; HRSL3; PLA2G16; PLAAT-3 |
| Mammalian Cell Selection: | Puromycin  |
| Vector:                   | pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)   |
| E. coli Selection:        | Chloramphenicol (34 ug/mL)   |
| ORF Nucleotide Sequence:  | The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC225152).                               |
| Restriction Sites:        | Sgfl-MluI  |
| Cloning Scheme:           |  |

Cloning sites used for ORF Shuttling:



\* The last codon before the Stop codon of the ORF.

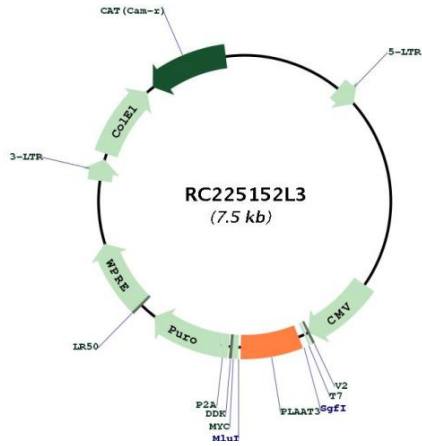
|           |              |
|-----------|--------------|
| ACCN:     | NM_001128203 |
| ORF Size: | 486 bp       |



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|                               |  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| <b>OTI Disclaimer:</b>        | The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <a href="#">More info</a>   |
| <b>OTI Annotation:</b>        | This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.   |
| <b>Components:</b>            | The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).   |
| <b>Reconstitution Method:</b> | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.</li><li>2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.</li><li>3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.</li><li>4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom.</li><li>5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at -20°C.</li></ol>  |
| <b>RefSeq:</b>                | <a href="#">NM_001128203.1</a> , <a href="#">NP_001121675.1</a>  |
| <b>RefSeq Size:</b>           | 1111 bp  |
| <b>RefSeq ORF:</b>            | 489 bp   |
| <b>Locus ID:</b>              | 11145  |
| <b>UniProt ID:</b>            | <a href="#">P53816</a>   |
| <b>Cytogenetics:</b>          | 11q12.3-q13.1  |
| <b>Protein Families:</b>      | Druggable Genome, Transmembrane  |
| <b>MW:</b>                    | 17.9 kDa   |
| <b>Gene Summary:</b>          | Exhibits both phospholipase A1/2 and acyltransferase activities (PubMed:19615464, PubMed:19047760, PubMed:22825852, PubMed:22605381, PubMed:26503625). Shows phospholipase A1 (PLA1) and A2 (PLA2) activity, catalyzing the calcium-independent release of fatty acids from the sn-1 or sn-2 position of glycerophospholipids (PubMed:19615464, PubMed:19047760, PubMed:22825852, PubMed:22605381, PubMed:22923616). For most substrates, PLA1 activity is much higher than PLA2 activity (PubMed:19615464). Shows O-acyltransferase activity, catalyzing the transfer of a fatty acyl group from glycerophospholipid to the hydroxyl group of lysophospholipid (PubMed:19615464). Shows N-acyltransferase activity, catalyzing the calcium-independent transfer of a fatty acyl group at the sn-1 position of phosphatidylcholine (PC) and other glycerophospholipids to the primary amine of phosphatidylethanolamine (PE), forming N-acylphosphatidylethanolamine (NAPE), which serves as precursor for N-acylethanolamines (NAEs) (PubMed:19615464, PubMed:19047760, PubMed:22825852, PubMed:22605381). Exhibits high N-acyltransferase activity and low phospholipase A1/2 activity (PubMed:22825852).[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function] |

Product images:



Circular map for RC225152L3