

## Product datasheet for RC225084L3V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## CD59 (NM\_001127225) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Lentiviral Particles

**Product Name:** CD59 (NM\_001127225) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: CD59

**Synonyms:** 1F5; 16.3A5; EJ16; EJ30; EL32; G344; HRF-20; HRF20; MAC-IP; MACIF; MEM43; MIC11; MIN1;

MIN2; MIN3; MIRL; MSK21; p18-20

**Mammalian Cell** 

Selection:

Puromycin

**Vector:** pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK

**ACCN:** NM\_001127225

ORF Size: 384 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

Sequence:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC225084).

OTI Disclaimer:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: <u>NM 001127225.1</u>, <u>NP 001120697.1</u>

RefSeq Size:7694 bpRefSeq ORF:387 bpLocus ID:966

UniProt ID: P13987
Cytogenetics: 11p13

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome





## CD59 (NM\_001127225) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle - RC225084L3V

**Protein Pathways:** Complement and coagulation cascades, Hematopoietic cell lineage

MW: 14.2 kDa

**Gene Summary:** This gene encodes a cell surface glycoprotein that regulates complement-mediated cell lysis,

and it is involved in lymphocyte signal transduction. This protein is a potent inhibitor of the complement membrane attack complex, whereby it binds complement C8 and/or C9 during the assembly of this complex, thereby inhibiting the incorporation of multiple copies of C9 into the complex, which is necessary for osmolytic pore formation. This protein also plays a role in signal transduction pathways in the activation of T cells. Mutations in this gene cause CD59 deficiency, a disease resulting in hemolytic anemia and thrombosis, and which causes cerebral infarction. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants, which encode the same

protein, have been identified for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]