

## Product datasheet for RC224901L2V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## TPOR (MPL) (NM\_005373) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Lentiviral Particles

**Product Name:** TPOR (MPL) (NM\_005373) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: TPOR

Synonyms: C-MPL; CD110; MPLV; THCYT2; THPOR; TPOR

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

**Vector:** pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)

Tag: mGFP

**ACCN:** NM\_005373 **ORF Size:** 1905 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC224901).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeg:** NM 005373.1

 RefSeq Size:
 3646 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1908 bp

 Locus ID:
 4352

 UniProt ID:
 P40238

Cytogenetics: 1p34.2

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, Transmembrane

**Protein Pathways:** Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction, Jak-STAT signaling pathway





**MW:** 71.24 kDa

**Gene Summary:** 

In 1990 an oncogene, v-mpl, was identified from the murine myeloproliferative leukemia virus that was capable of immortalizing bone marrow hematopoietic cells from different lineages. In 1992 the human homologue, named, c-mpl, was cloned. Sequence data revealed that c-mpl encoded a protein that was homologous with members of the hematopoietic receptor superfamily. Presence of anti-sense oligodeoxynucleotides of c-mpl inhibited megakaryocyte colony formation. The ligand for c-mpl, thrombopoietin, was cloned in 1994. Thrombopoietin was shown to be the major regulator of megakaryocytopoiesis and platelet formation. The protein encoded by the c-mpl gene, CD110, is a 635 amino acid transmembrane domain, with two extracellular cytokine receptor domains and two intracellular cytokine receptor box motifs . TPO-R deficient mice were severely thrombocytopenic, emphasizing the important role of CD110 and thrombopoietin in megakaryocyte and platelet formation. Upon binding of thrombopoietin CD110 is dimerized and the JAK family of non-receptor tyrosine kinases, as well as the STAT family, the MAPK family, the adaptor protein Shc and the receptors themselves become tyrosine phosphorylated. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]