

Product datasheet for RC224647L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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KCNMB3 (NM_014407) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: KCNMB3 (NM 014407) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: KCNMB3

Synonyms: BKBETA3; HBETA3; K(VCA)BETA-3; KCNMB2; KCNMBL; SLO-BETA-3; SLOBETA3

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK
ACCN: NM 014407

ORF Size: 837 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC224647).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This

naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 014407.3, NP 055222.3

RefSeq Size: 1492 bp
RefSeq ORF: 840 bp
Locus ID: 27094
UniProt ID: Q9NPA1
Cytogenetics: 3q26.32

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Ion Channels: Other, Transmembrane

Protein Pathways: Vascular smooth muscle contraction





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MW: 31.4 kDa

Gene Summary:

MaxiK channels are large conductance, voltage and calcium-sensitive potassium channels which are fundamental to the control of smooth muscle tone and neuronal excitability. MaxiK channels can be formed by 2 subunits: the pore-forming alpha subunit and the modulatory beta subunit. The protein encoded by this gene is an auxiliary beta subunit which may partially inactivate or slightly decrease the activation time of MaxiK alpha subunit currents. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. A related pseudogene has been identified on chromosome 22. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2009]