

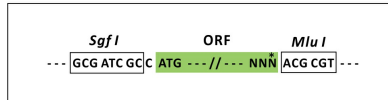
## Product datasheet for RC224610L1

### Glutamate receptor ionotropic, NMDA 2D (GRIN2D) (NM\_000836) Human Tagged Lenti ORF Clone

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Expression Plasmids
Product Name:	Glutamate receptor ionotropic, NMDA 2D (GRIN2D) (NM_000836) Human Tagged Lenti ORF Clone
Tag:	Myc-DDK
Symbol:	Glutamate receptor ionotropic, NMDA 2D
Synonyms:	DEE46; EB11; EIEE46; GluN2D; NMDAR2D; NR2D
Mammalian Cell Selection:	None
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)
E. coli Selection:	Chloramphenicol (34 ug/mL)
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC224610).
Restriction Sites:	Sgfl-MluI
Cloning Scheme:	

Cloning sites used for ORF Shuttling:



\* The last codon before the Stop codon of the ORF.

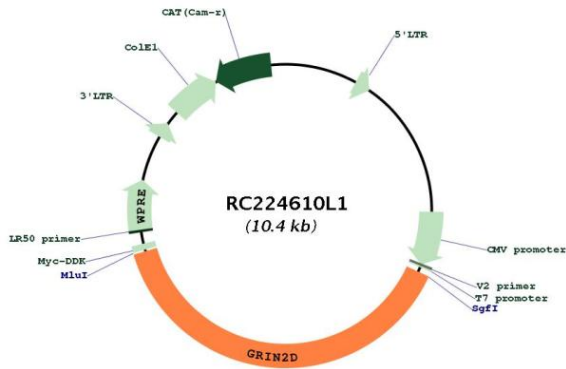
ACCN: NM\_000836



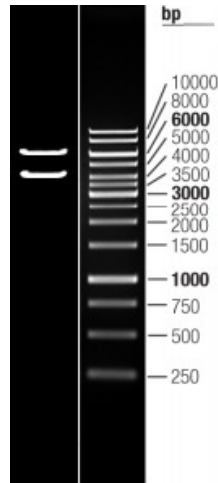
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<b>ORF Size:</b>	4008 bp
<b>OTI Disclaimer:</b>	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <a href="#">More info</a>
<b>OTI Annotation:</b>	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
<b>Components:</b>	The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).
<b>Reconstitution Method:</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.</li><li>2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.</li><li>3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.</li><li>4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom.</li><li>5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at -20°C.</li></ol>
<b>RefSeq:</b>	<a href="#">NM_000836.1</a>
<b>RefSeq Size:</b>	4299 bp
<b>RefSeq ORF:</b>	4011 bp
<b>Locus ID:</b>	2906
<b>UniProt ID:</b>	<a href="#">O15399</a>
<b>Cytogenetics:</b>	19q13.33
<b>Protein Families:</b>	Druggable Genome, Ion Channels: Glutamate Receptors, Transmembrane
<b>Protein Pathways:</b>	Alzheimer's disease, Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS), Calcium signaling pathway, Long-term potentiation, Neuroactive ligand-receptor interaction
<b>MW:</b>	143.75 kDa
<b>Gene Summary:</b>	N-methyl-D-aspartate (NMDA) receptors are a class of ionotropic glutamate receptors. NMDA channel has been shown to be involved in long-term potentiation, an activity-dependent increase in the efficiency of synaptic transmission thought to underlie certain kinds of memory and learning. NMDA receptor channels are heteromers composed of the key receptor subunit NMDAR1 (GRIN1) and 1 or more of the 4 NMDAR2 subunits: NMDAR2A (GRIN2A), NMDAR2B (GRIN2B), NMDAR2C (GRIN2C), and NMDAR2D (GRIN2D). [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2010]

Product images:



Circular map for RC224610L1



Double digestion of RC224610L1 using SgfI and MluI