

## Product datasheet for RC224516L4V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

## NRG1 (NM\_013959) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: NRG1 (NM 013959) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: NRG1

Synonyms: ARIA; GGF; GGF2; HGL; HRG; HRG1; HRGA; MST131; MSTP131; NDF; NRG1-IT2; SMDF

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

**Vector:** pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

**ACCN:** NM\_013959

ORF Size: 888 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC224516).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeq:** <u>NM 013959.1</u>

RefSeq Size: 1860 bp
RefSeq ORF: 891 bp
Locus ID: 3084
UniProt ID: Q02297
Cytogenetics: 8p12

Domains: EGF, EGF

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, Secreted Protein, Transcription Factors, Transmembrane



## NRG1 (NM\_013959) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle - RC224516L4V

**Protein Pathways:** ErbB signaling pathway

MW: 31.5 kDa

**Gene Summary:** The protein encoded by this gene is a membrane glycoprotein that mediates cell-cell

signaling and plays a critical role in the growth and development of multiple organ systems.

An extraordinary variety of different isoforms are produced from this gene through alternative promoter usage and splicing. These isoforms are expressed in a tissue-specific manner and differ significantly in their structure, and are classified as types I, II, III, IV, V and VI. Dysregulation of this gene has been linked to diseases such as cancer, schizophrenia, and

bipolar disorder (BPD). [provided by RefSeq, Apr 2016]