

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## Product datasheet for RC224227L3V

## Hyaluronan synthase 2 (HAS2) (NM\_005328) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

## **Product data:**

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	Hyaluronan synthase 2 (HAS2) (NM_005328) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	HAS2
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_005328
ORF Size:	1656 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC224227).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <u>More info</u>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<u>NM 005328.1, NP 005319.1</u>
RefSeq Size:	3003 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1659 bp
Locus ID:	3037
UniProt ID:	<u>Q92819</u>
Cytogenetics:	8q24.13
Domains:	Glycos_transf_2
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Transmembrane
MW:	63.4 kDa



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Hyaluronan or hyaluronic acid (HA) is a high molecular weight unbranched polysaccharide Gene Summary: synthesized by a wide variety of organisms from bacteria to mammals, and is a constituent of the extracellular matrix. It consists of alternating glucuronic acid and N-acetylglucosamine residues that are linked by beta-1-3 and beta-1-4 glycosidic bonds. HA is synthesized by membrane-bound synthase at the inner surface of the plasma membrane, and the chains are extruded through pore-like structures into the extracellular space. It serves a variety of functions, including space filling, lubrication of joints, and provision of a matrix through which cells can migrate. HA is actively produced during wound healing and tissue repair to provide a framework for ingrowth of blood vessels and fibroblasts. Changes in the serum concentration of HA are associated with inflammatory and degenerative arthropathies such as rheumatoid arthritis. In addition, the interaction of HA with the leukocyte receptor CD44 is important in tissue-specific homing by leukocytes, and overexpression of HA receptors has been correlated with tumor metastasis. HAS2 is a member of the newly identified vertebrate gene family encoding putative hyaluronan synthases, and its amino acid sequence shows significant homology to glycosaminoglycan synthetase (DG42) from Xenopus laevis, and human and murine hyaluronan synthase 1. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

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