

Product datasheet for RC223909L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

MBD4 (NM_003925) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: MBD4 (NM_003925) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: MBD4
Synonyms: MED1

Mammalian Cell Puromycin

Selection:

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

 Tag:
 Myc-DDK

 ACCN:
 NM_003925

 ORF Size:
 1740 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC223909).

Sequence:

Domains:

OTI Disclaimer:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 003925.1

 RefSeq Size:
 2470 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1743 bp

 Locus ID:
 8930

 UniProt ID:
 095243

 Cytogenetics:
 3q21.3

Protein Families: Druggable Genome

MBD





MBD4 (NM_003925) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle - RC223909L3V

Protein Pathways: Base excision repair

MW: 65.9 kDa

Gene Summary: The protein encoded by this gene is a member of a family of nuclear proteins related by the

presence of a methyl-CpG binding domain (MBD). These proteins are capable of binding specifically to methylated DNA, and some members can also repress transcription from methylated gene promoters. This protein contains an MBD domain at the N-terminus that functions both in binding to methylated DNA and in protein interactions and a C-terminal mismatch-specific glycosylase domain that is involved in DNA repair. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding multiple isoforms have been observed for this gene. [provided

by RefSeq, Jan 2013]