

## Product datasheet for RC223887L1V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

## Nav1.6 (SCN8A) (NM\_014191) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: Nav1.6 (SCN8A) (NM\_014191) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: SCN8A

Synonyms: BFIS5; CERIII; CIAT; DEE13; EIEE13; MED; MYOCL2; NaCh6; Nav1.6; PN4

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

**Vector:** pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)

 Tag:
 Myc-DDK

 ACCN:
 NM\_014191

 ORF Size:
 5940 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

33 10 bp

Sequence:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC223887).

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This

clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeg:** NM 014191.1

 RefSeq Size:
 7008 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 5943 bp

 Locus ID:
 6334

 UniProt ID:
 Q9UQD0

Cytogenetics: 12q13.13

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, Ion Channels: Sodium, Transmembrane

MW: 225.1 kDa





## **Gene Summary:**

This gene encodes a member of the sodium channel alpha subunit gene family. The encoded protein forms the ion pore region of the voltage-gated sodium channel. This protein is essential for the rapid membrane depolarization that occurs during the formation of the action potential in excitable neurons. Mutations in this gene are associated with cognitive disability, pancerebellar atrophy and ataxia. Alternate splicing results in multiple transcript variants.[provided by RefSeq, May 2010]