

## Product datasheet for **RC223873L3V**

### ATP5C1 (ATP5F1C) (NM\_005174) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	ATP5C1 (ATP5F1C) (NM_005174) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	ATP5F1C
Synonyms:	ATP5C; ATP5C1; ATP5CL1
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_005174
ORF Size:	891 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC223873).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <a href="#">More info</a>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NM_005174.2</a>
RefSeq Size:	1125 bp
RefSeq ORF:	894 bp
Locus ID:	509
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">P36542</a>
Cytogenetics:	10p14
Domains:	ATP-synt



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<b>Protein Pathways:</b>	Alzheimer's disease, Huntington's disease, Metabolic pathways, Oxidative phosphorylation, Parkinson's disease
<b>MW:</b>	32.88 kDa
<b>Gene Summary:</b>	<p>This gene encodes a subunit of mitochondrial ATP synthase. Mitochondrial ATP synthase catalyzes ATP synthesis, utilizing an electrochemical gradient of protons across the inner membrane during oxidative phosphorylation. ATP synthase is composed of two linked multi-subunit complexes: the soluble catalytic core, F<sub>1</sub>, and the membrane-spanning component, F<sub>o</sub>, comprising the proton channel. The catalytic portion of mitochondrial ATP synthase consists of 5 different subunits (alpha, beta, gamma, delta, and epsilon) assembled with a stoichiometry of 3 alpha, 3 beta, and a single representative of the other 3. The proton channel consists of three main subunits (a, b, c). This gene encodes the gamma subunit of the catalytic core. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified. This gene also has a pseudogene on chromosome 14. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]</p>