

Product datasheet for RC223838L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

BPGM (NM 001724) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: BPGM (NM 001724) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol:

DPGM; ECYT8 Synonyms:

Mammalian Cell

Puromycin

Selection:

ACCN:

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK NM 001724

ORF Size: 777 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC223838).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: NM 001724.3

RefSeq Size: 1800 bp RefSeq ORF: 780 bp Locus ID: 669 **UniProt ID:** P07738

Cytogenetics: 7q33

Domains: PGAM

Protein Families: Druggable Genome





BPGM (NM_001724) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle - RC223838L3V

Protein Pathways: Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis, Metabolic pathways

MW: 30 kDa

Gene Summary: 2,3-diphosphoglycerate (2,3-DPG) is a small molecule found at high concentrations in red

blood cells where it binds to and decreases the oxygen affinity of hemoglobin. This gene encodes a multifunctional enzyme that catalyzes 2,3-DPG synthesis via its synthetase activity, and 2,3-DPG degradation via its phosphatase activity. The enzyme also has phosphoglycerate phosphomutase activity. Deficiency of this enzyme increases the affinity of cells for oxygen. Mutations in this gene result in hemolytic anemia. Multiple alternatively spliced variants,

encoding the same protein, have been identified. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2009]