

## Product datasheet for **RC223769L3V**

### **ATP6V0A1 (NM\_005177) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle**

#### **Product data:**

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	ATP6V0A1 (NM_005177) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	ATP6V0A1
Synonyms:	a1; ATP6N1; ATP6N1A; Stv1; Vph1; VPP1
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_005177
ORF Size:	2493 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC223769).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <a href="#">More info</a>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NM_005177.2</a>
RefSeq Size:	4139 bp
RefSeq ORF:	2496 bp
Locus ID:	535
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">Q93050</a>
Cytogenetics:	17q21.2
Domains:	V_ATPase_sub_a
Protein Families:	Transmembrane



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<b>Protein Pathways:</b>	Epithelial cell signaling in Helicobacter pylori infection, Lysosome, Metabolic pathways, Oxidative phosphorylation, Vibrio cholerae infection
<b>MW:</b>	95.6 kDa
<b>Gene Summary:</b>	<p>This gene encodes a component of vacuolar ATPase (V-ATPase), a multisubunit enzyme that mediates acidification of eukaryotic intracellular organelles. V-ATPase dependent organelle acidification is necessary for such intracellular processes as protein sorting, zymogen activation, receptor-mediated endocytosis, and synaptic vesicle proton gradient generation. V-ATPase is composed of a cytosolic V1 domain and a transmembrane V0 domain. The V1 domain consists of three A and three B subunits, two G subunits plus the C, D, E, F, and H subunits. The V1 domain contains the ATP catalytic site. The V0 domain consists of five different subunits: a, c, c', c'', and d. Additional isoforms of many of the V1 and V0 subunit proteins are encoded by multiple genes or alternatively spliced transcript variants. This gene encodes one of three A subunit proteins and the encoded protein is associated with clathrin-coated vesicles. Three transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]</p>