

## Product datasheet for **RC223720L4V**

### **MTH1 (NUDT1) (NM\_198954) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle**

#### **Product data:**

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	MTH1 (NUDT1) (NM_198954) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	MTH1
Synonyms:	MTH1
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)
Tag:	mGFP
ACCN:	NM_198954
ORF Size:	537 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC223720).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <a href="#">More info</a>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NM_198954.1</a> , <a href="#">NP_945192.1</a>
RefSeq Size:	801 bp
RefSeq ORF:	540 bp
Locus ID:	4521
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">P36639</a>
Cytogenetics:	7p22.3
Protein Families:	Stem cell - Pluripotency
MW:	20.3 kDa



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**Gene Summary:**

Misincorporation of oxidized nucleoside triphosphates into DNA/RNA during replication and transcription can cause mutations that may result in carcinogenesis or neurodegeneration. The protein encoded by this gene is an enzyme that hydrolyzes oxidized purine nucleoside triphosphates, such as 8-oxo-dGTP, 8-oxo-dATP, 2-hydroxy-dATP, and 2-hydroxy rATP, to monophosphates, thereby preventing misincorporation. The encoded protein is localized mainly in the cytoplasm, with some in the mitochondria, suggesting that it is involved in the sanitization of nucleotide pools both for nuclear and mitochondrial genomes. Several alternatively spliced transcript variants, some of which encode distinct isoforms, have been identified. Additional variants have been observed, but their full-length natures have not been determined. A rare single-nucleotide polymorphism that results in the production of an additional, longer isoform (p26) has been described. [provided by RefSeq, Dec 2018]