

## Product datasheet for RC223702L4

#### OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## Angiotensin Converting Enzyme 1 (ACE) (NM\_000789) Human Tagged Lenti ORF Clone

### **Product data:**

**Product Type:** Expression Plasmids

**Product Name:** Angiotensin Converting Enzyme 1 (ACE) (NM\_000789) Human Tagged Lenti ORF Clone

Tag: mGFP

Symbol: Angiotensin Converting Enzyme 1

Synonyms: ACE1; CD143; DCP; DCP1

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

**Vector:** pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

E. coli Selection: Chloramphenicol (34 ug/mL)

**ORF Nucleotide** 

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC223702).

Sequence:

**Restriction Sites:** Sgfl-Mlul

**Cloning Scheme:** 





<sup>\*</sup> The last codon before the Stop codon of the ORF

**ACCN:** NM\_000789

ORF Size: 3918 bp



# Angiotensin Converting Enzyme 1 (ACE) (NM\_000789) Human Tagged Lenti ORF Clone – RC223702L4

OTI Disclaimer:

Due to the inherent nature of this plasmid, standard methods to replicate additional amounts of DNA in E. coli are highly likely to result in mutations and/or rearrangements. Therefore, OriGene does not guarantee the capability to replicate this plasmid DNA. Additional amounts of DNA can be purchased from OriGene with batch-specific, full-sequence verification at a reduced cost. Please contact our customer care team at <a href="mailto:customport@origene.com">customport@origene.com</a> or by calling 301.340.3188 option 3 for pricing and delivery.

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <u>More info</u>

**OTI Annotation:** 

This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.

Components:

The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).

**Reconstitution Method:** 

- 1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.
- 2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.
- 3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.
- 4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom.
- 5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at -20°C.

Note:

Plasmids are not sterile. For experiments where strict sterility is required, filtration with

0.22um filter is required.

**RefSeq:** NM 000789.3

 RefSeq Size:
 4969 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 3921 bp

 Locus ID:
 1636

 UniProt ID:
 P12821

 Cytogenetics:
 17q23.3

**Domains:** Peptidase M2

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, ES Cell Differentiation/IPS, Protease, Secreted Protein, Transmembrane

**Protein Pathways:** Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (HCM), Renin-angiotensin system

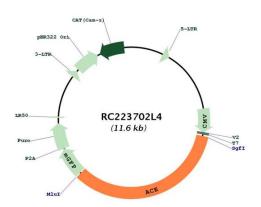
**MW:** 149.7 kDa



#### **Gene Summary:**

This gene encodes an enzyme involved in blood pressure regulation and electrolyte balance. It catalyzes the conversion of angiotensin I into a physiologically active peptide angiotensin II. Angiotensin II is a potent vasopressor and aldosterone-stimulating peptide that controls blood pressure and fluid-electrolyte balance. This angiotensin converting enzyme (ACE) also inactivates the vasodilator protein, bradykinin. Accordingly, the encoded enzyme increases blood pressure and is a drug target of ACE inhibitors, which are often prescribed to reduce blood pressure. This enzyme additionally plays a role in fertility through its ability to cleave and release GPI-anchored membrane proteins in spermatozoa. Many studies have associated the presence or absence of a 287 bp Alu repeat element in this gene with the levels of circulating enzyme. This polymorphism, as well as mutations in this gene, have been implicated in a wide variety of diseases including cardiovascular pathophysiologies, psoriasis, renal disease, stroke, and Alzheimer's disease. Regulation of the homologous ACE2 gene may be involved in progression of disease caused by several human coronaviruses, including SARS-CoV and SARS-CoV-2. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding both somatic (sACE) and male-specific testicular (tACE) isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2020]

## **Product images:**



Circular map for RC223702L4