GORİGene
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## Product datasheet for RC223386L3

## OR2W3 (NM_001001957) Human Tagged Lenti ORF Clone

## Product data:

## Product Type: Expression Plasmids

Product Name:
OR2W3 (NM_001001957) Human Tagged Lenti ORF Clone

## Tag:

Symbol:
Synonyms:
Mammalian Cell
Selection:
Vector:
E. coli Selection:

ORF Nucleotide
Sequence:
Restriction Sites:
Cloning Scheme:

Myc-DDK
OR2W3
OR2W3P; OR2W8P; OST718
Puromycin
pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Chloramphenicol ( $34 \mathrm{ug} / \mathrm{mL}$ )
The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC223386).

Sgfl-Mlul

Cloning sites used for ORF Shuttling:



NM_001001957
ORF Size:

942 bp

OTI Disclaimer:

OTI Annotation:

Components:

Reconstitution Method:

1. Centrifuge at $5,000 \mathrm{xg}$ for 5 min .
2. Carefully open the tube and add 100 ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.
3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.
4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000 xg ) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom.
5. Store the suspended plasmid at $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
RefSeq:
RefSeq Size:
NM 001001957.2 NP 001001957.2
945 bp
RefSeq ORF: 945 bp
Locus ID: 343171
UniProt ID:
Cytogenetics:
Protein Families:
Protein Pathways:
MW:
Gene Summary:
The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info

This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).
Reconstion Met

Q7Z3T1
1q44
Druggable Genome, Transmembrane
Olfactory transduction
34.6 kDa

Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single codingexon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7 -transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

