

Product datasheet for RC223340L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Tropomyosin 3 (TPM3) (NM 001043352) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: Tropomyosin 3 (TPM3) (NM_001043352) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: TPM3

Synonyms: CAPM1; CFTD; HEL-189; HEL-S-82p; hscp30; NEM1; OK/SW-cl.5; TM-5; TM3; TM5; TM30;

TM30nm; TPM3nu; TPMsk3; TRK

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK

ACCN: NM_001043352

ORF Size: 741 bp

ORF Nucleotide

Sequence:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC223340).

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: <u>NM 001043352.1</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 4539 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 744 bp

 Locus ID:
 7170

 UniProt ID:
 P06753

Cytogenetics: 1q21.3

Protein Pathways: Cardiac muscle contraction, Dilated cardiomyopathy, Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (HCM),

Pathways in cancer, Thyroid cancer





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MW: 28.8 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a member of the tropomyosin family of actin-binding proteins.

Tropomyosins are dimers of coiled-coil proteins that provide stability to actin filaments and regulate access of other actin-binding proteins. Mutations in this gene result in autosomal dominant nemaline myopathy and other muscle disorders. This locus is involved in translocations with other loci, including anaplastic lymphoma receptor tyrosine kinase (ALK) and neurotrophic tyrosine kinase receptor type 1 (NTRK1), which result in the formation of fusion proteins that act as oncogenes. There are numerous pseudogenes for this gene on different chromosomes. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided

by RefSeq, May 2013]