

## Product datasheet for **RC223173L3V**

### **AIPL1 (NM\_001033055) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle**

#### **Product data:**

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	AIPL1 (NM_001033055) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	AIPL1
Synonyms:	AIPL2; LCA4
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_001033055
ORF Size:	972 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC223173).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <a href="#">More info</a>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NM_001033055.1</a>
RefSeq Size:	2801 bp
RefSeq ORF:	975 bp
Locus ID:	23746
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">Q9NZN9</a>
Cytogenetics:	17p13.2
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome
MW:	36.5 kDa



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**Gene Summary:**

Leber congenital amaurosis (LCA) is the most severe inherited retinopathy with the earliest age of onset and accounts for at least 5% of all inherited retinal diseases. Affected individuals are diagnosed at birth or in the first few months of life with nystagmus, severely impaired vision or blindness and an abnormal or flat electroretinogram. The photoreceptor/pineal-expressed gene, AIPL1, encoding aryl-hydrocarbon interacting protein-like 1, is located within the LCA4 candidate region. The encoded protein contains three tetratricopeptide motifs, consistent with chaperone or nuclear transport activity. Mutations in this gene may cause approximately 20% of recessive LCA. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2014]