

## Product datasheet for RC223058L2V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## PDGF AA (PDGFA) (NM\_002607) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: PDGF AA (PDGFA) (NM\_002607) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: PDGF AA

Synonyms: PDGF-A; PDGF1

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

**Vector:** pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)

Tag: mGFP

**ACCN:** NM\_002607

ORF Size: 633 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC223058).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeg:** NM 002607.4

 RefSeq Size:
 2818 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 636 bp

 Locus ID:
 5154

 UniProt ID:
 P04085

 Cytogenetics:
 7p22.3

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome





## PDGF AA (PDGFA) (NM\_002607) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle - RC223058L2V

**Protein Pathways:** Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction, Focal adhesion, Gap junction, Glioma, MAPK signaling

pathway, Melanoma, Pathways in cancer, Prostate cancer, Regulation of actin cytoskeleton

MW: 24.04 kDa

**Gene Summary:** This gene encodes a member of the protein family comprised of both platelet-derived growth

factors (PDGF) and vascular endothelial growth factors (VEGF). The encoded preproprotein is proteolytically processed to generate platelet-derived growth factor subunit A, which can homodimerize, or alternatively, heterodimerize with the related platelet-derived growth factor subunit B. These proteins bind and activate PDGF receptor tyrosine kinases, which play a role in a wide range of developmental processes. Alternative splicing results in multiple

transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2015]