

Product datasheet for **RC223001L4V**

CD130 (IL6ST) (NM_175767) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	CD130 (IL6ST) (NM_175767) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	IL6ST
Synonyms:	CD130; CDW130; GP130; HIES4; IL-6RB; sGP130
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)
Tag:	mGFP
ACCN:	NM_175767
ORF Size:	987 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC223001).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_175767.1
RefSeq Size:	3159 bp
RefSeq ORF:	990 bp
Locus ID:	3572
UniProt ID:	P40189
Cytogenetics:	5q11.2
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Secreted Protein, Transmembrane
Protein Pathways:	Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction, Jak-STAT signaling pathway



[View online »](#)

MW: 35 kDa

Gene Summary: The protein encoded by this gene is a signal transducer shared by many cytokines, including interleukin 6 (IL6), ciliary neurotrophic factor (CNTF), leukemia inhibitory factor (LIF), and oncostatin M (OSM). This protein functions as a part of the cytokine receptor complex. The activation of this protein is dependent upon the binding of cytokines to their receptors. vIL6, a protein related to IL6 and encoded by the Kaposi sarcoma-associated herpesvirus, can bypass the interleukin 6 receptor (IL6R) and directly activate this protein. Knockout studies in mice suggest that this gene plays a critical role in regulating myocyte apoptosis. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been described. A related pseudogene has been identified on chromosome 17. [provided by RefSeq, May 2014]