

## Product datasheet for **RC222614L1V**

### CD41 (ITGA2B) (NM\_000419) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	CD41 (ITGA2B) (NM_000419) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	CD41
Synonyms:	BDPLT2; BDPLT16; CD41; CD41B; GP2B; GPIIb; GT; GT1; GTA; HPA3; PPP1R93
Mammalian Cell Selection:	None
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_000419
ORF Size:	3117 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC222614).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <a href="#">More info</a>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NM_000419.2</a>
RefSeq Size:	3334 bp
RefSeq ORF:	3120 bp
Locus ID:	3674
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">P08514</a>
Cytogenetics:	17q21.31
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, ES Cell Differentiation/IPS, Transmembrane



[View online »](#)

<b>Protein Pathways:</b>	Arrhythmogenic right ventricular cardiomyopathy (ARVC), Dilated cardiomyopathy, ECM-receptor interaction, Focal adhesion, Hematopoietic cell lineage, Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (HCM), Pathways in cancer, Regulation of actin cytoskeleton, Small cell lung cancer
<b>MW:</b>	113.4 kDa
<b>Gene Summary:</b>	This gene encodes a member of the integrin alpha chain family of proteins. The encoded preproprotein is proteolytically processed to generate light and heavy chains that associate through disulfide linkages to form a subunit of the alpha-IIb/beta-3 integrin cell adhesion receptor. This receptor plays a crucial role in the blood coagulation system, by mediating platelet aggregation. Mutations in this gene are associated with platelet-type bleeding disorders, which are characterized by a failure of platelet aggregation, including Glanzmann thrombasthenia. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2016]