

## Product datasheet for RC222359L3V

### OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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# TPSG1 (NM 012467) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

#### **Product data:**

**Product Type:** Lentiviral Particles

**Product Name:** TPSG1 (NM\_012467) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol:

PRSS31; TMT; trpA Synonyms:

**Mammalian Cell** 

Selection:

ACCN:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK NM 012467

**ORF Size:** 963 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC222359).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This

clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: NM 012467.2

RefSeq Size: 1124 bp RefSeq ORF: 966 bp Locus ID: 25823 **UniProt ID:** Q9NRR2

Cytogenetics: 16p13.3

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, Transmembrane

MW: 33.76 kDa







#### **Gene Summary:**

Tryptases comprise a family of trypsin-like serine proteases, the peptidase family S1. Tryptases are enzymatically active only as heparin-stabilized tetramers, and they are resistant to all known endogenous proteinase inhibitors. Several tryptase genes are clustered on chromosome 16p13.3. There is uncertainty regarding the number of genes in this cluster. Currently four functional genes - alpha I, beta I, beta II and gamma I - have been identified. And beta I has an allelic variant named alpha II, beta II has an allelic variant beta III, also gamma I has an allelic variant gamma II. Beta tryptases appear to be the main isoenzymes expressed in mast cells; whereas in basophils, alpha-tryptases predominant. This gene differs from other members of the tryptase gene family in that it has C-terminal hydrophobic domain, which may serve as a membrane anchor. Tryptases have been implicated as mediators in the pathogenesis of asthma and other allergic and inflammatory disorders. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]