

#### OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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# Product datasheet for RC222193L2V

## MBD5 (NM\_018328) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

## **Product data:**

Droduct Type	Lentiviral Particles
Product Type:	
Product Name:	MBD5 (NM_018328) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	MBD5
Synonyms:	MRD1
Mammalian Cell Selection:	None
Vector:	pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)
Tag:	mGFP
ACCN:	NM_018328
ORF Size:	4482 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC222193).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <u>More info</u>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<u>NM 018328.3</u>
RefSeq Size:	5325 bp
RefSeq ORF:	4485 bp
Locus ID:	55777
UniProt ID:	<u>Q9P267</u>
Cytogenetics:	2q23.1
MW:	159.7 kDa



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Gene Summary: This gene encodes a member of the methyl-CpG-binding domain (MBD) family. The MBD consists of about 70 residues and is the minimal region required for a methyl-CpG-binding protein binding specifically to methylated DNA. In addition to the MBD domain, this protein contains a PWWP domain (Pro-Trp-Trp-Pro motif), which consists of 100-150 amino acids and is found in numerous proteins that are involved in cell division, growth and differentiation. Mutations in this gene cause an autosomal dominant type of cognitive disability. The encoded protein interacts with the polycomb repressive complex PR-DUB which catalyzes the deubiquitination of a lysine residue of histone 2A. Haploinsufficiency of this gene is associated with a syndrome involving microcephaly, intellectual disabilities, severe speech impairment, and seizures. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found, but their full-length nature is not determined. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2017]

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