

Product datasheet for **RC221711L1V**

PC1/3 (PCSK1) (NM_000439) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	PC1/3 (PCSK1) (NM_000439) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	PC1/3
Synonyms:	BMIQ12; NEC1; PC1; PC3; SPC3
Mammalian Cell Selection:	None
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_000439
ORF Size:	2259 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC221711).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_000439.3
RefSeq Size:	5054 bp
RefSeq ORF:	2262 bp
Locus ID:	5122
UniProt ID:	P29120
Cytogenetics:	5q15
Domains:	Peptidase_S8, P
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Protease, Secreted Protein



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MW: 84.15 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a member of the subtilisin-like proprotein convertase family, which includes proteases that process protein and peptide precursors trafficking through regulated or constitutive branches of the secretory pathway. The encoded protein undergoes an initial autocatalytic processing event in the ER to generate a heterodimer which exits the ER and sorts to subcellular compartments where a second autocatalytic event takes place and the catalytic activity is acquired. The protease is packaged into and activated in dense core secretory granules and expressed in the neuroendocrine system and brain. This gene encodes one of the seven basic amino acid-specific members which cleave their substrates at single or paired basic residues. It functions in the proteolytic activation of polypeptide hormones and neuropeptides precursors. Mutations in this gene have been associated with susceptibility to obesity and proprotein convertase 1/3 deficiency. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding multiple isoforms have been observed for this gene [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2014]