

Product datasheet for RC221495L1V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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PTPRS (NM_130854) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: PTPRS (NM_130854) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: PTPRS

Synonyms: PTPSIGMA; R-PTP-S; R-PTP-sigma

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

5730 bp

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)

 Tag:
 Myc-DDK

 ACCN:
 NM_130854

ORF Nucleotide

Sequence:

ORF Size:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC221495).

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: <u>NM 130854.1</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 6386 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 5733 bp

 Locus ID:
 5802

 UniProt ID:
 Q13332

 Cytogenetics:
 19p13.3

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Phosphatase, Transmembrane

MW: 209.7 kDa







Gene Summary:

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the protein tyrosine phosphatase (PTP) family. PTPs are known to be signaling molecules that regulate a variety of cellular processes including cell growth, differentiation, mitotic cycle, and oncogenic transformation. This PTP contains an extracellular region, a single transmembrane segment and two tandem intracytoplasmic catalytic domains, and thus represents a receptor-type PTP. The extracellular region of this protein is composed of multiple Ig-like and fibronectin type III-like domains. Studies of the similar gene in mice suggested that this PTP may be involved in cell-cell interaction, primary axonogenesis, and axon guidance during embryogenesis. This PTP has been also implicated in the molecular control of adult nerve repair. Four alternatively spliced transcript variants, which encode distinct proteins, have been reported. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]