

Product datasheet for **RC221266L3V**

CD46 (NM_172360) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	CD46 (NM_172360) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	CD46
Synonyms:	AHUS2; MCP; MGC26544; MIC10; TLX; TRA2.10
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_172360
ORF Size:	1155 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC221266).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_172360.1 , NP_758870.1
RefSeq Size:	3236 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1157 bp
Locus ID:	4179
Cytogenetics:	1q32.2
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Transmembrane
Protein Pathways:	Complement and coagulation cascades
MW:	38.8 kDa



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Gene Summary:

The protein encoded by this gene is a type I membrane protein and is a regulatory part of the complement system. The encoded protein has cofactor activity for inactivation of complement components C3b and C4b by serum factor I, which protects the host cell from damage by complement. In addition, the encoded protein can act as a receptor for the Edmonston strain of measles virus, human herpesvirus-6, and type IV pili of pathogenic *Neisseria*. Finally, the protein encoded by this gene may be involved in the fusion of the spermatozoa with the oocyte during fertilization. Mutations at this locus have been associated with susceptibility to hemolytic uremic syndrome. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been described. [provided by RefSeq, Jun 2010]