

## Product datasheet for RC221214L2V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## alpha Lactalbumin (LALBA) (NM 002289) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

**Product Name:** alpha Lactalbumin (LALBA) (NM\_002289) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: alpha Lactalbumin

Synonyms: LYZG

Mammalian Cell None

Selection:

INOTIC

**Vector:** pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM\_002289

ORF Size: 426 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC221214).

OTI Disclaimer:

Sequence:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeg:** NM 002289.2

 RefSeq Size:
 742 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 429 bp

 Locus ID:
 3906

 UniProt ID:
 P00709

 Cytogenetics:
 12q13.11

**Protein Families:** Secreted Protein

**Protein Pathways:** Galactose metabolism





## alpha Lactalbumin (LALBA) (NM\_002289) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle – RC221214L2V

**MW:** 16.22 kDa

**Gene Summary:** 

This gene encodes alpha-lactalbumin, a principal protein of milk. Alpha-lactalbumin forms the regulatory subunit of the lactose synthase (LS) heterodimer and beta 1,4-galactosyltransferase (beta4Gal-T1) forms the catalytic component. Together, these proteins enable LS to produce lactose by transfering galactose moieties to glucose. As a monomer, alpha-lactalbumin strongly binds calcium and zinc ions and may possess bactericidal or antitumor activity. A folding variant of alpha-lactalbumin, called HAMLET, likely induces apoptosis in tumor and immature cells. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]