

Product datasheet for RC220986L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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cGKI (PRKG1) (NM 006258) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: cGKI (PRKG1) (NM_006258) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol:

AAT8; cGK; cGK 1; cGK1; cGKl; cGKl-alpha; cGKl-BETA; PKG; PKG1; PRKG1B; PRKGR1B Synonyms:

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

ACCN:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK NM 006258

ORF Size: 2058 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC220986).

Sequence:

UniProt ID:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of OTI Disclaimer:

> reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: NM 006258.1

RefSeq Size: 3740 bp RefSeq ORF: 2061 bp Locus ID: 5592

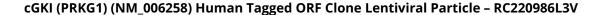
Cytogenetics: 10q11.23-q21.1

Domains: cNMP, pkinase, S_TK_X, TyrKc, S_TKc

Q13976

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Protein Kinase





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Protein Pathways: Gap junction, Long-term depression, Olfactory transduction, Vascular smooth muscle

contraction

MW: 77.6 kDa

Gene Summary: Mammals have three different isoforms of cyclic GMP-dependent protein kinase (lalpha,

lbeta, and II). These PRKG isoforms act as key mediators of the nitric oxide/cGMP signaling pathway and are important components of many signal transduction processes in diverse cell types. This PRKG1 gene on human chromosome 10 encodes the soluble lalpha and Ibeta isoforms of PRKG by alternative transcript splicing. A separate gene on human chromosome 4, PRKG2, encodes the membrane-bound PRKG isoform II. The PRKG1 proteins play a central role in regulating cardiovascular and neuronal functions in addition to relaxing smooth muscle tone, preventing platelet aggregation, and modulating cell growth. This gene is most strongly expressed in all types of smooth muscle, platelets, cerebellar Purkinje cells, hippocampal neurons, and the lateral amygdala. Isoforms lalpha and Ibeta have identical cGMP-binding and catalytic domains but differ in their leucine/isoleucine zipper and autoinhibitory sequences and therefore differ in their dimerization substrates and kinase enzyme activity. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2011]