

Product datasheet for **RC220855L4V**

TrkA (NTRK1) (NM_001007792) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	TrkA (NTRK1) (NM_001007792) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	TrkA
Synonyms:	MTC; p140-TrkA; TRK; Trk-A; TRK1; TRKA
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)
Tag:	mGFP
ACCN:	NM_001007792
ORF Size:	2280 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC220855).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_001007792.1 , NP_001007793.1
RefSeq Size:	2581 bp
RefSeq ORF:	2283 bp
Locus ID:	4914
UniProt ID:	P04629
Cytogenetics:	1q23.1
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Protein Kinase, Transmembrane



[View online »](#)

Protein Pathways:	Apoptosis, Endocytosis, MAPK signaling pathway, Neurotrophin signaling pathway, Pathways in cancer, Thyroid cancer
MW:	83.8 kDa
Gene Summary:	This gene encodes a member of the neurotrophic tyrosine kinase receptor (NTRK) family. This kinase is a membrane-bound receptor that, upon neurotrophin binding, phosphorylates itself and members of the MAPK pathway. The presence of this kinase leads to cell differentiation and may play a role in specifying sensory neuron subtypes. Mutations in this gene have been associated with congenital insensitivity to pain, anhidrosis, self-mutilating behavior, cognitive disability and cancer. Alternate transcriptional splice variants of this gene have been found, but only three have been characterized to date. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]