

Product datasheet for RC220827L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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ABCG8 (NM_022437) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: ABCG8 (NM 022437) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: ABCG8

Synonyms: GBD4; STSL; STSL1

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

 Tag:
 Myc-DDK

 ACCN:
 NM_022437

ORF Size: 2019 bp

ORF Nucleotide

Sequence:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC220827).

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through

naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: <u>NM 022437.2</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 2679 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 2022 bp

 Locus ID:
 64241

 UniProt ID:
 Q9H221

 Cytogenetics:
 2p21

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Transmembrane

Protein Pathways: ABC transporters





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MW: 75.7 kDa

Gene Summary:

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the superfamily of ATP-binding cassette (ABC) transporters. ABC proteins transport various molecules across extra- and intra-cellular membranes. ABC genes are divided into seven distinct subfamilies (ABC1, MDR/TAP, MRP, ALD, OABP, GCN20, White). This protein is a member of the White subfamily. The protein encoded by this gene functions to exclude non-cholesterol sterol entry at the intestinal level, promote excretion of cholesterol and sterols into bile, and to facilitate transport of sterols back into the intestinal lumen. It is expressed in a tissue-specific manner in the liver, intestine, and gallbladder. This gene is tandemly arrayed on chromosome 2, in a head-to-head orientation with family member ABCG5. Mutations in this gene may contribute to sterol accumulation and atherosclerosis, and have been observed in patients with sitosterolemia. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]