

Product datasheet for RC220813L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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p16INK4A (CDKN2A) (NM 058197) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: p16INK4A (CDKN2A) (NM 058197) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: CDKN2A

Synonyms: ARF; CDK4I; CDKN2; CMM2; INK4; INK4A; MLM; MTS-1; MTS1; P14; P14ARF; P16; P16-INK4A;

P16INK4; P16INK4A; P19; P19ARF; TP16

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

 Tag:
 Myc-DDK

 ACCN:
 NM_058197

ORF Size: 348 bp

ORF Nucleotide

Sequence:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC220813).

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: <u>NM 058197.4</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 1235 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 351 bp

 Locus ID:
 1029

 UniProt ID:
 P42771

Cytogenetics: 9p21.3

Protein Families: Druggable Genome





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Protein Pathways: Bladder cancer, Cell cycle, Chronic myeloid leukemia, Glioma, Melanoma, Non-small cell lung

cancer, p53 signaling pathway, Pancreatic cancer, Pathways in cancer

MW: 12.1 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene generates several transcript variants which differ in their first exons. At least three

suppressor gene. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2012]

alternatively spliced variants encoding distinct proteins have been reported, two of which encode structurally related isoforms known to function as inhibitors of CDK4 kinase. The remaining transcript includes an alternate first exon located 20 Kb upstream of the remainder of the gene; this transcript contains an alternate open reading frame (ARF) that specifies a protein which is structurally unrelated to the products of the other variants. This ARF product functions as a stabilizer of the tumor suppressor protein p53 as it can interact with, and sequester, the E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase MDM2, a protein responsible for the degradation of p53. In spite of the structural and functional differences, the CDK inhibitor isoforms and the ARF product encoded by this gene, through the regulatory roles of CDK4 and p53 in cell cycle G1 progression, share a common functionality in cell cycle G1 control. This gene is frequently mutated or deleted in a wide variety of tumors, and is known to be an important tumor