

# Product datasheet for RC220700L3V

## IDE (NM\_004969) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

### **Product data:**

#### **Product Type: Lentiviral Particles Product Name:** IDE (NM\_004969) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle Symbol: IDE **INSULYSIN** Synonyms: **Mammalian Cell** Puromycin Selection: Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092) Tag: Myc-DDK NM 004969 ACCN: ORF Size: 3057 bp The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC220700). **ORF** Nucleotide Sequence: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of **OTI Disclaimer:** reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info **OTI** Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene. **RefSeq:** NM 004969.1, NP 004960.1 **RefSeq Size:** 3279 bp **RefSeq ORF:** 3060 bp Locus ID: 3416 **UniProt ID:** P14735 Cytogenetics: 10q23.33 Domains: Peptidase\_M16, Peptidase\_M16\_C **Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, Protease



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Protein Pathways:	Alzheimer's disease
MW:	117.8 kDa
Gene Summary:	This gene encodes a zinc metallopeptidase that degrades intracellular insulin, and thereby terminates insulins activity, as well as participating in intercellular peptide signalling by degrading diverse peptides such as glucagon, amylin, bradykinin, and kallidin. The preferential affinity of this enzyme for insulin results in insulin-mediated inhibition of the degradation of other peptides such as beta-amyloid. Deficiencies in this protein's function are associated with Alzheimer's disease and type 2 diabetes mellitus but mutations in this gene have not been shown to be causitive for these diseases. This protein localizes primarily to the cytoplasm but in some cell types localizes to the extracellular space, cell membrane, peroxisome, and mitochondrion. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms. Additional transcript variants have been described but have not been experimentally verified.[provided by RefSeq, Sep 2009]

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