

Product datasheet for RC220600L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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c Abl (ABL1) (NM_005157) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: c Abl (ABL1) (NM 005157) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: c Abl

Synonyms: ABL; BCR-ABL; bcr/abl; c-ABL1; CHDSKM; JTK7; p150; v-abl

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

 Tag:
 Myc-DDK

 ACCN:
 NM_005157

 ORF Size:
 3390 bp

ORF Nucleotide

OTI Disclaimer:

3330 pp

Sequence:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC220600).

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This

clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 005157.3

RefSeq Size: 5384 bp
RefSeq ORF: 3393 bp

Locus ID: 25

 UniProt ID:
 P00519

 Cytogenetics:
 9q34.12

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Protein Kinase, Transcription Factors





Protein Pathways: Axon guidance, Cell cycle, Chronic myeloid leukemia, ErbB signaling pathway, Neurotrophin

signaling pathway, Pathogenic Escherichia coli infection, Pathways in cancer, Viral myocarditis

MW: 122.7 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene is a protooncogene that encodes a protein tyrosine kinase involved in a variety of

cellular processes, including cell division, adhesion, differentiation, and response to stress. The activity of the protein is negatively regulated by its SH3 domain, whereby deletion of the region encoding this domain results in an oncogene. The ubiquitously expressed protein has DNA-binding activity that is regulated by CDC2-mediated phosphorylation, suggesting a cell cycle function. This gene has been found fused to a variety of translocation partner genes in various leukemias, most notably the t(9;22) translocation that results in a fusion with the 5' end of the breakpoint cluster region gene (BCR; MIM:151410). Alternative splicing of this gene results in two transcript variants, which contain alternative first exons that are spliced to the

remaining common exons. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2014]