

Product datasheet for RC220576L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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PML Protein (PML) (NM_033247) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: PML Protein (PML) (NM_033247) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: PML Protein

Synonyms: MYL; PP8675; RNF71; TRIM19

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK
ACCN: NM_033247

ORF Size: 1305 bp

ORF Nucleotide Sequence:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC220576).

OTI Disclaimer:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 033247.2

 RefSeq Size:
 1797 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1308 bp

 Locus ID:
 5371

 UniProt ID:
 P29590

 Cytogenetics:
 15q24.1

Domains: zf-B box, RING

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Transcription Factors





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Protein Pathways: Acute myeloid leukemia, Pathways in cancer, Ubiquitin mediated proteolysis

MW: 48.4 kDa

Gene Summary: The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the tripartite motif (TRIM) family. The TRIM

motif includes three zinc-binding domains, a RING, a B-box type 1 and a B-box type 2, and a coiled-coil region. This phosphoprotein localizes to nuclear bodies where it functions as a transcription factor and tumor suppressor. Its expression is cell-cycle related and it regulates the p53 response to oncogenic signals. The gene is often involved in the translocation with the retinoic acid receptor alpha gene associated with acute promyelocytic leukemia (APL). Extensive alternative splicing of this gene results in several variations of the protein's central and C-terminal regions; all variants encode the same N-terminus. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified. [provided by RefSeq, Jul

2008]