

Product datasheet for **RC220568L4V**

PXR (NR1I2) (NM_022002) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	PXR (NR1I2) (NM_022002) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	NR1I2
Synonyms:	BXR; ONR1; PAR; PAR1; PAR2; PARq; PRR; PXR; SAR; SXR
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)
Tag:	mGFP
ACCN:	NM_022002
ORF Size:	1419 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC220568).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_022002.2 , NP_071285.1
RefSeq Size:	2772 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1422 bp
Locus ID:	8856
UniProt ID:	O75469
Cytogenetics:	3q13.33
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Nuclear Hormone Receptor, Transcription Factors
MW:	53.7 kDa



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Gene Summary:

This gene product belongs to the nuclear receptor superfamily, members of which are transcription factors characterized by a ligand-binding domain and a DNA-binding domain. The encoded protein is a transcriptional regulator of the cytochrome P450 gene CYP3A4, binding to the response element of the CYP3A4 promoter as a heterodimer with the 9-cis retinoic acid receptor RXR. It is activated by a range of compounds that induce CYP3A4, including dexamethasone and rifampicin. Several alternatively spliced transcripts encoding different isoforms, some of which use non-AUG (CUG) translation initiation codon, have been described for this gene. Additional transcript variants exist, however, they have not been fully characterized. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]