

Product datasheet for RC220496L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

C7orf60 (BMT2) (NM_152556) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: C7orf60 (BMT2) (NM_152556) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: BMT2

Synonyms: C7orf60; SAMTOR

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK

ACCN: NM_152556 **ORF Size:** 1215 bp

ORF Nucleotide

1215 bp

Sequence:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC220496).

OTI Disclaimer:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: <u>NM 152556.2</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 3969 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1218 bp

 Locus ID:
 154743

 UniProt ID:
 Q1RMZ1

 Cytogenetics:
 7q31.1

MW: 46.3 kDa





Gene Summary:

S-adenosyl-L-methionine-binding protein that acts as an inhibitor of mTORC1 signaling via interaction with the GATOR1 and KICSTOR complexes (PubMed:29123071). Acts as a sensor of S-adenosyl-L-methionine to signal methionine sufficiency to mTORC1: in presence of methionine, binds S-adenosyl-L-methionine, leading to disrupt interaction with the GATOR1 and KICSTOR complexes and promote mTORC1 signaling (PubMed:29123071). Upon methionine starvation, S-adenosyl-L-methionine levels are reduced, thereby promoting the association with GATOR1 and KICSTOR, leading to inhibit mTORC1 signaling (PubMed:29123071). Probably also acts as a S-adenosyl-L-methionine-dependent methyltransferase (Potential).[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]