

Product datasheet for RC220131L1V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Folate Binding Protein (FOLR1) (NM 016725) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: Folate Binding Protein (FOLR1) (NM_016725) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: Folate Binding Protein

Synonyms: FBP; FOLR; FRalpha; NCFTD

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)

Tag: Myc-DDK
ACCN: NM 016725

ORF Size: 771 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC220131).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 016725.1

 RefSeq Size:
 1104 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 774 bp

 Locus ID:
 2348

 UniProt ID:
 P15328

 Cytogenetics:
 11q13.4

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Secreted Protein, Transmembrane

MW: 29.82 kDa





Folate Binding Protein (FOLR1) (NM_016725) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle – RC220131L1V

Gene Summary:

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the folate receptor family. Members of this gene family bind folic acid and its reduced derivatives, and transport 5-methyltetrahydrofolate into cells. This gene product is a secreted protein that either anchors to membranes via a glycosyl-phosphatidylinositol linkage or exists in a soluble form. Mutations in this gene have been associated with neurodegeneration due to cerebral folate transport deficiency. Due to the presence of two promoters, multiple transcription start sites, and alternative splicing, multiple transcript variants encoding the same protein have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2009]