

Product datasheet for RC220075L4V

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67kDa Laminin Receptor (RPSA) (NM_001012321) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: 67kDa Laminin Receptor (RPSA) (NM_001012321) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: 67kDa Laminin Receptor

Synonyms: 37LRP; 67LR; ICAS; LAMBR; lamR; LAMR1; LBP; LBP/p40; LRP; LRP/LR; NEM/1CHD4; p40; SA

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_001012321

ORF Size: 885 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC220075).

OTI Disclaimer:

Sequence:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: <u>NM 001012321.1</u>, <u>NP 001012321.1</u>

RefSeq Size: 1109 bp
RefSeq ORF: 888 bp
Locus ID: 3921
Cytogenetics: 3p22.1

Protein Families: Druggable Genome

Protein Pathways: Ribosome





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MW:

32.8 kDa

Gene Summary:

Laminins, a family of extracellular matrix glycoproteins, are the major noncollagenous constituent of basement membranes. They have been implicated in a wide variety of biological processes including cell adhesion, differentiation, migration, signaling, neurite outgrowth and metastasis. Many of the effects of laminin are mediated through interactions with cell surface receptors. These receptors include members of the integrin family, as well as non-integrin laminin-binding proteins. This gene encodes a high-affinity, non-integrin family, laminin receptor 1. This receptor has been variously called 67 kD laminin receptor, 37 kD laminin receptor precursor (37LRP) and p40 ribosome-associated protein. The amino acid sequence of laminin receptor 1 is highly conserved through evolution, suggesting a key biological function. It has been observed that the level of the laminin receptor transcript is higher in colon carcinoma tissue and lung cancer cell line than their normal counterparts. Also, there is a correlation between the upregulation of this polypeptide in cancer cells and their invasive and metastatic phenotype. Multiple copies of this gene exist, however, most of them are pseudogenes thought to have arisen from retropositional events. Two alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding the same protein have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]