

## Product datasheet for **RC220057L3V**

### Retinal S antigen (SAG) (NM\_000541) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	Retinal S antigen (SAG) (NM_000541) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	Retinal S antigen
Synonyms:	RP47; S-AG
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_000541
ORF Size:	1215 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC220057).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <a href="#">More info</a>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NM_000541.2</a>
RefSeq Size:	1564 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1218 bp
Locus ID:	6295
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">P10523</a>
Cytogenetics:	2q37.1
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome
MW:	44.9 kDa



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**Gene Summary:**

Members of arrestin/beta-arrestin protein family are thought to participate in agonist-mediated desensitization of G-protein-coupled receptors and cause specific dampening of cellular responses to stimuli such as hormones, neurotransmitters, or sensory signals. S-arrestin, also known as S-antigen, is a major soluble photoreceptor protein that is involved in desensitization of the photoactivated transduction cascade. It is expressed in the retina and the pineal gland and inhibits coupling of rhodopsin to transducin in vitro. Additionally, S-arrestin is highly antigenic, and is capable of inducing experimental autoimmune uveoretinitis. Mutations in this gene have been associated with Oguchi disease, a rare autosomal recessive form of night blindness. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]