

Product datasheet for RC219855L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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TGF beta Receptor II (TGFBR2) (NM 003242) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: TGF beta Receptor II (TGFBR2) (NM_003242) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: TGF beta Receptor II

Synonyms: AAT3; FAA3; LDS1B; LDS2; LDS2B; MFS2; RIIC; TAAD2; TBR-ii; TBRII; TGFbeta-RII; TGFR-2

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK
ACCN: NM 003242

ORF Size: 1701 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC219855).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 003242.4

 RefSeq Size:
 4639 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1704 bp

 Locus ID:
 7048

 UniProt ID:
 P37173

 Cytogenetics:
 3p24.1

Domains: pkinase, TyrKc, S_TKc

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Protein Kinase, Transmembrane





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Protein Pathways: Adherens junction, Chronic myeloid leukemia, Colorectal cancer, Cytokine-cytokine receptor

interaction, Endocytosis, MAPK signaling pathway, Pancreatic cancer, Pathways in cancer,

TGF-beta signaling pathway

MW: 64.57 kDa

Gene Summary: The protein encoded by this gene is a transmembrane protein that has a protein kinase

domain, forms a heterodimeric complex with TGF-beta receptor type-1, and binds TGF-beta. This receptor/ligand complex phosphorylates proteins, which then enter the nucleus and regulate the transcription of genes related to cell proliferation, cell cycle arrest, wound healing, immunosuppression, and tumorigenesis. Mutations in this gene have been associated with Marfan Syndrome, Loeys-Deitz Aortic Aneurysm Syndrome, and the development of various types of tumors. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding

different isoforms have been characterized. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2017]