

Product datasheet for **RC219855L1V**

TGF beta Receptor II (TGFB2) (NM_003242) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	TGF beta Receptor II (TGFB2) (NM_003242) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	TGF beta Receptor II
Synonyms:	AAT3; FAA3; LDS1B; LDS2; LDS2B; MFS2; RIIC; TAAD2; TBR-ii; TBRII; TGFbeta-RII; TGFR-2
Mammalian Cell Selection:	None
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_003242
ORF Size:	1701 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC219855).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_003242.4
RefSeq Size:	4639 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1704 bp
Locus ID:	7048
UniProt ID:	P37173
Cytogenetics:	3p24.1
Domains:	ptkase, TyrKc, S_TKc
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Protein Kinase, Transmembrane



[View online »](#)

Protein Pathways: Adherens junction, Chronic myeloid leukemia, Colorectal cancer, Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction, Endocytosis, MAPK signaling pathway, Pancreatic cancer, Pathways in cancer, TGF-beta signaling pathway

MW: 64.57 kDa

Gene Summary: The protein encoded by this gene is a transmembrane protein that has a protein kinase domain, forms a heterodimeric complex with TGF-beta receptor type-1, and binds TGF-beta. This receptor/ligand complex phosphorylates proteins, which then enter the nucleus and regulate the transcription of genes related to cell proliferation, cell cycle arrest, wound healing, immunosuppression, and tumorigenesis. Mutations in this gene have been associated with Marfan Syndrome, Loeys-Deitz Aortic Aneurysm Syndrome, and the development of various types of tumors. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been characterized. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2017]