

## Product datasheet for RC219839L1V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## FAK (PTK2) (NM\_153831) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: FAK (PTK2) (NM\_153831) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: FAK

Synonyms: FADK; FADK 1; FAK; FAK1; FRNK; p125FAK; pp125FAK; PPP1R71

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

**Vector:** pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)

Tag: Myc-DDK
ACCN: NM 153831

ORF Size: 3165 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

Nucleatide The OPI

Sequence:
OTI Disclaimer:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC219839).

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeg:** NM 153831.2

 RefSeq Size:
 4453 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 3159 bp

 Locus ID:
 5747

 UniProt ID:
 Q05397

**Cytogenetics:** 8q24.3

**Domains:** B41, pkinase, TyrKc, S\_TKc, Focal\_AT

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, Protein Kinase





## FAK (PTK2) (NM\_153831) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle - RC219839L1V

**Protein Pathways:** Axon guidance, Chemokine signaling pathway, ErbB signaling pathway, Focal adhesion,

Leukocyte transendothelial migration, Pathways in cancer, Regulation of actin cytoskeleton,

Small cell lung cancer, VEGF signaling pathway

MW: 119.1 kDa

**Gene Summary:** This gene encodes a cytoplasmic protein tyrosine kinase which is found concentrated in the

focal adhesions that form between cells growing in the presence of extracellular matrix constituents. The encoded protein is a member of the FAK subfamily of protein tyrosine kinases but lacks significant sequence similarity to kinases from other subfamilies. Activation

of this gene may be an important early step in cell growth and intracellular signal

transduction pathways triggered in response to certain neural peptides or to cell interactions with the extracellular matrix. Several transcript variants encoding different isoforms have

been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jun 2017]