

## Product datasheet for **RC219287L4V**

### OPN1MW (NM\_000513) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	OPN1MW (NM_000513) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	OPN1MW
Synonyms:	CBBM; CBD; COD5; GCP; GOP; OPN1MW1
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)
Tag:	mGFP
ACCN:	NM_000513
ORF Size:	1092 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC219287).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <a href="#">More info</a>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NM_000513.1</a> , <a href="#">NP_000504.1</a>
RefSeq Size:	1095 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1095 bp
Locus ID:	2652
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">P0DN77</a>
Cytogenetics:	Xq28
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Transmembrane
MW:	40.4 kDa



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**Gene Summary:**

This gene encodes for a light absorbing visual pigment of the opsin gene family. The encoded protein is called green cone photopigment or medium-wavelength sensitive opsin. Opsins are G-protein coupled receptors with seven transmembrane domains, an N-terminal extracellular domain, and a C-terminal cytoplasmic domain. The long-wavelength opsin gene and multiple copies of the medium-wavelength opsin gene are tandemly arrayed on the X chromosome and frequent unequal recombination and gene conversion may occur between these sequences. X chromosomes may have fusions of the medium- and long-wavelength opsin genes or may have more than one copy of these genes. Defects in this gene are the cause of deutanopic colorblindness. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2009]