

Product datasheet for **RC219116L1V**

Factor VIII (F8) (NM_019863) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	Factor VIII (F8) (NM_019863) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	F8
Synonyms:	AHF; DXS1253E; F8B; F8C; FVIII; HEMA
Mammalian Cell Selection:	None
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_019863
ORF Size:	648 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC219116).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_019863.2 , NP_063916.1
RefSeq Size:	2617 bp
RefSeq ORF:	651 bp
Locus ID:	2157
UniProt ID:	P00451
Cytogenetics:	Xq28
Domains:	F5_F8_type_C
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Secreted Protein



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Protein Pathways: Complement and coagulation cascades

MW: 24.5 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene encodes coagulation factor VIII, which participates in the intrinsic pathway of blood coagulation; factor VIII is a cofactor for factor IXa which, in the presence of Ca²⁺ and phospholipids, converts factor X to the activated form Xa. This gene produces two alternatively spliced transcripts. Transcript variant 1 encodes a large glycoprotein, isoform a, which circulates in plasma and associates with von Willebrand factor in a noncovalent complex. This protein undergoes multiple cleavage events. Transcript variant 2 encodes a putative small protein, isoform b, which consists primarily of the phospholipid binding domain of factor VIIIc. This binding domain is essential for coagulant activity. Defects in this gene results in hemophilia A, a common recessive X-linked coagulation disorder. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]