

Product datasheet for RC219008L4V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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DNMT3L (NM_175867) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: DNMT3L (NM_175867) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: DNMT3L

Mammalian Cell Puromycin

Selection:

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_175867 **ORF Size:** 1158 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC219008).

Sequence:
OTI Disclaimer:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: <u>NM 175867.1</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 1720 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1161 bp

 Locus ID:
 29947

 UniProt ID:
 Q9UJW3

 Cytogenetics:
 21q22.3

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Transcription Factors

Protein Pathways: Cysteine and methionine metabolism, Metabolic pathways

MW: 43.5 kDa







Gene Summary:

CpG methylation is an epigenetic modification that is important for embryonic development, imprinting, and X-chromosome inactivation. Studies in mice have demonstrated that DNA methylation is required for mammalian development. This gene encodes a nuclear protein with similarity to DNA methyltransferases, but is not thought to function as a DNA methyltransferase as it does not contain the amino acid residues necessary for methyltransferase activity. However, it does stimulate de novo methylation by DNA cytosine methyltransferase 3 alpha and is thought to be required for the establishment of maternal genomic imprints. This protein also mediates transcriptional repression through interaction with histone deacetylase 1. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2012]