

Product datasheet for RC218887L4V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Dystrophin (DMD) (NM_004016) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: Dystrophin (DMD) (NM 004016) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: Dystrophin

Synonyms: BMD; CMD3B; DXS142; DXS164; DXS206; DXS230; DXS239; DXS268; DXS269; DXS270; DXS272;

MRX85

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_004016 **ORF Size:** 1905 bp

ORF Nucleotide

Sequence:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC218887).

OTI Disclaimer:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: <u>NM 004016.1</u>

RefSeq Size: 4591 bp
RefSeq ORF: 1908 bp
Locus ID: 1756
UniProt ID: P11532

Cytogenetics: Xp21.2-p21.1

Domains: ZnF ZZ





Dystrophin (DMD) (NM_004016) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle - RC218887L4V

Protein Pathways: Arrhythmogenic right ventricular cardiomyopathy (ARVC), Dilated cardiomyopathy,

Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (HCM), Viral myocarditis

MW: 72 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene spans a genomic range of greater than 2 Mb and encodes a large protein

containing an N-terminal actin-binding domain and multiple spectrin repeats. The encoded protein forms a component of the dystrophin-glycoprotein complex (DGC), which bridges the inner cytoskeleton and the extracellular matrix. Deletions, duplications, and point mutations at this gene locus may cause Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD), Becker muscular

dystrophy (BMD), or cardiomyopathy. Alternative promoter usage and alternative splicing result in numerous distinct transcript variants and protein isoforms for this gene. [provided

by RefSeq, Dec 2016]