

## Product datasheet for **RC218776L1V**

### **ABCG5 (NM\_022436) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle**

#### **Product data:**

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	ABCG5 (NM_022436) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	ABCG5
Synonyms:	STSL; STSL2
Mammalian Cell Selection:	None
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_022436
ORF Size:	1953 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC218776).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <a href="#">More info</a>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NM_022436.2</a>
RefSeq Size:	2740 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1956 bp
Locus ID:	64240
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">Q9H222</a>
Cytogenetics:	2p21
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Transmembrane
Protein Pathways:	ABC transporters



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**MW:** 72.5 kDa

**Gene Summary:** The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the superfamily of ATP-binding cassette (ABC) transporters. ABC proteins transport various molecules across extra- and intra-cellular membranes. ABC genes are divided into seven distinct subfamilies (ABC1, MDR/TAP, MRP, ALD, OABP, GCN20, White). This protein is a member of the White subfamily. The protein encoded by this gene functions as a half-transporter to limit intestinal absorption and promote biliary excretion of sterols. It is expressed in a tissue-specific manner in the liver, colon, and intestine. This gene is tandemly arrayed on chromosome 2, in a head-to-head orientation with family member ABCG8. Mutations in this gene may contribute to sterol accumulation and atherosclerosis, and have been observed in patients with sitosterolemia. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]