

## Product datasheet for RC218706L4V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

## **EREG (NM\_001432) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle**

**Product data:** 

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: EREG (NM 001432) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: EREG

**Synonyms:** Ep; EPR; ER

Mammalian Cell Puromycin

Selection:

Vector:

pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

**ACCN:** NM\_001432

ORF Size: 507 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC218706).

OTI Disclaimer:

Sequence:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: <u>NM 001432.1</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 4627 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 510 bp

 Locus ID:
 2069

 UniProt ID:
 014944

 Cytogenetics:
 4q13.3

**Protein Families:** Secreted Protein, Transmembrane

**Protein Pathways:** ErbB signaling pathway







**MW:** 19.04 kDa

**Gene Summary:** This gene encodes a secreted peptide hormone and member of the epidermal growth factor

(EGF) family of proteins. The encoded protein is a ligand of the epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR) and the structurally related erb-b2 receptor tyrosine kinase 4 (ERBB4). The encoded protein may be involved in a wide range of biological processes including inflammation, wound healing, oocyte maturation, and cell proliferation. Additionally, the

encoded protein may promote the progression of cancers of various human tissues.

[provided by RefSeq, Jul 2015]