

Product datasheet for **RC218597L2V**

Cyclin E2 (CCNE2) (NM_057749) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	Cyclin E2 (CCNE2) (NM_057749) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	Cyclin E2
Synonyms:	CYCE2
Mammalian Cell Selection:	None
Vector:	pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)
Tag:	mGFP
ACCN:	NM_057749
ORF Size:	1212 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC218597).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_057749.1
RefSeq Size:	2748 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1215 bp
Locus ID:	9134
UniProt ID:	O96020
Cytogenetics:	8q22.1
Domains:	cyclin_C, CYCLIN, cyclin
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome



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Protein Pathways:	Cell cycle, Oocyte meiosis, p53 signaling pathway, Pathways in cancer, Prostate cancer, Small cell lung cancer
MW:	46.6 kDa
Gene Summary:	<p>The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the highly conserved cyclin family, whose members are characterized by a dramatic periodicity in protein abundance through the cell cycle. Cyclins function as regulators of CDK kinases. Different cyclins exhibit distinct expression and degradation patterns which contribute to the temporal coordination of each mitotic event. This cyclin forms a complex with and functions as a regulatory subunit of CDK2. This cyclin has been shown to specifically interact with CIP/KIP family of CDK inhibitors, and plays a role in cell cycle G1/S transition. The expression of this gene peaks at the G1-S phase and exhibits a pattern of tissue specificity distinct from that of cyclin E1. A significantly increased expression level of this gene was observed in tumor-derived cells. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]</p>