

## Product datasheet for **RC218439L1V**

### **cGKI (PRKG1) (NM\_001098512) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle**

#### **Product data:**

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	cGKI (PRKG1) (NM_001098512) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	cGKI
Synonyms:	AAT8; cGK; cGK 1; cGK1; cGKI; cGKI-alpha; cGKI-BETA; PKG; PKG1; PRKG1B; PRKGR1B
Mammalian Cell Selection:	None
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_001098512
ORF Size:	2013 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC218439).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <a href="#">More info</a>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NM_001098512.1</a>
RefSeq Size:	3824 bp
RefSeq ORF:	2016 bp
Locus ID:	5592
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">Q13976</a>
Cytogenetics:	10q11.23-q21.1
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Protein Kinase



[View online »](#)

<b>Protein Pathways:</b>	Gap junction, Long-term depression, Olfactory transduction, Vascular smooth muscle contraction
<b>MW:</b>	76.2 kDa
<b>Gene Summary:</b>	<p>Mammals have three different isoforms of cyclic GMP-dependent protein kinase (Ialpha, Ibeta, and II). These PRKG isoforms act as key mediators of the nitric oxide/cGMP signaling pathway and are important components of many signal transduction processes in diverse cell types. This PRKG1 gene on human chromosome 10 encodes the soluble Ialpha and Ibeta isoforms of PRKG by alternative transcript splicing. A separate gene on human chromosome 4, PRKG2, encodes the membrane-bound PRKG isoform II. The PRKG1 proteins play a central role in regulating cardiovascular and neuronal functions in addition to relaxing smooth muscle tone, preventing platelet aggregation, and modulating cell growth. This gene is most strongly expressed in all types of smooth muscle, platelets, cerebellar Purkinje cells, hippocampal neurons, and the lateral amygdala. Isoforms Ialpha and Ibeta have identical cGMP-binding and catalytic domains but differ in their leucine/isoleucine zipper and autoinhibitory sequences and therefore differ in their dimerization substrates and kinase enzyme activity. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2011]</p>